

Company Number 106759C

THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1931 TO 1993

ISLE OF MAN

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

SEYCHELLES PIONEER LIMITED

**(Formerly Brackridge Limited name changed by
Special resolution passed on the 4th June 2003)**

Incorporated on 1st October 2002

Company Number 106759C

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PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

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BRACKRIDGE LIMITED

Incorporated on 1st October 2002

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PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BRACKRIDGE LIMITED

- 1 The name of the Company is:

 BRACKRIDGE LIMITED
- 2 The Company is a Private Company
- 3 The liability of the members is limited
- 4 The share capital of the Company is £2000 divided into 2000 shares of £1 each.

We the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association –

- (a) wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum;
- (b) agree to take the number of shares shown opposite our respective names;
- (c) declare that all the requirements of the Companies Acts 1931 to 1993 in respect of matters relating to registration and of matters precedent and incidental thereto have been complied with.

Name and address of subscribers	Number of shares taken
1 JOHN JEREMY CALLIN Ballacallin Little Mill Road Onchan Isle of Man IM4 5BE	2

Dated this 27th day of September 2002

Witness to the above signatures:-

TRUDI ROSALYN PANTER
11 Woodbourne Road
Douglas
Isle of Man IM1 3HH

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1931 TO 1993

ISLE OF MAN

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BRACKRIDGE LIMITED

INTERPRETATION

1 In these Articles -

- (1) “the Act” means the Companies Acts 1931 to 1993 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;

“the Articles” means the Articles of Association of the Company;

“clear days” in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

“electronic means” means any manner only capable of being actuated by electric, magnetic, electro-magnetic, electro-chemical process or by electro-mechanical energy;

“executed” includes any mode of execution;

“office” means the registered office of the Company;

“the holder” in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;

“the seal” means the common seal (if any) of the Company and, where the context so admits, shall include an official seal as authorised under Article 110 hereof:

“secretary” means the secretary of the Company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary.

- (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company.

- 2 Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Memorandum and Articles of Association) Regulations 1988 shall not apply to the Company.

PRIVATE COMPANY

- 3 The Company is a “Private Company” within the meaning of Section 26 of the Act and accordingly no invitation shall be issued to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company.

SHARES

- 4 (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued in fractional denominations to the same extent as whole shares.
- 5 Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Articles, redeemable preference shares may be issued on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the Articles.
- 6 The shares shall be under the control of the Directors, and (save as otherwise directed by the Company in General Meeting) they may allot or otherwise dispose of them to such persons at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as they think proper.

- 7 Any preference shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company or the holder are, liable to be redeemed and such redemption may, subject to the provisions of Sections 46 and 46A of the Act, be effected on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of such Shares may by Special Resolution determine.
- 8 The Company may pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional, for any shares, debentures or debenture stock in the Company, provided that the commission does not exceed ten per cent of the price at which such shares are issued, or an amount equivalent thereto, and such commission may be paid in whole or in part, in cash or fully or partly paid shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company, as may be arranged. The statement required by Section 43 of the Act shall be duly delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration, and Section 42 of the same Act shall where necessary be duly complied with and the amount of any such commission shall be stated in the balance sheets and annual return of the Company as required by Sections 44 and 107 of the Act.
- 9 Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any shares upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the Articles or by law) the Company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 10 (1) Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled –
- (a) without payment, to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding); or
 - (b) to several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment, for every certificate after the first, of such reasonable sum as the Directors may determine.
- (2) Every certificate shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. If the Company shall have a common seal every certificate shall be sealed with its seal.
- (3) The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.
- 11 If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the Directors may

determine, but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

LIEN

- 12 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (whether partly or fully paid) for all monies (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.
- 13 The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors determine any shares on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
- 14 To give effect to a sale the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 15 The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the Company for cancelling of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any monies not presently payable as existing upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

- 16 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made.
- 17 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.
- 18 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

- 19 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the shares or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the rate of £5 per cent per annum but the Directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.
- 20 An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.
- 21 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.
- 22 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the Directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 23 The liability of any member in default in respect of a call or instalment of a call shall include all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
- 24 If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other monies payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
- 25 Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors determine either to the person who was, before the forfeiture, the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.
- 26 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the Company for all monies which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate which interest was payable on those monies before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the rate of £5 per cent per annum from the date of forfeiture until payment without any allowance for the value

of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

- 27 A statutory declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 28 The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the Directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee.
- 29 No transfer of any share in the capital of the Company to any person not already a member of the Company shall be made or registered without the previous sanction of the Directors, who may without assigning any reason, decline to give any such sanction.
- 30 The Directors may also refuse to register a transfer unless –
- (1) it is lodged at the office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
 - (2) it is in respect of only one class of shares; and
 - (3) it is in favour of not more than four transferees.
- 31 If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 32 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfer of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the Directors may determine.
- 33 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- 34 The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 35 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.
- 36 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as the Directors may properly require, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred. Provided always that the Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Shares until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.
- 37 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 38 The Company may by ordinary resolution –
- (1) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes;
 - (2) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (3) subject to the provisions of the Act, sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the other; and
 - (4) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

- 39 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Directors may, instead of issuing the fractions of a share, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 40 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES

- 41 Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, 1931 and 1993 the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares), and make a payment in respect of any such purchase otherwise than out of distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 42 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
- 43 The Directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than eight weeks after receipt of the requisition.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 44 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a Director shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed –
- (1) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
 - (2) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such.

Subject to the provisions of the Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the Directors and Auditors, if any.

- 45 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 46 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present, subject to Article 47. Two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
- 47 If and for so long as the Company has only one member, that member present in person or by proxy (or if that member is a corporation by a duly authorised representative) shall be a quorum.
- 48 If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the Directors may determine.
- 49 The chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors or in his absence some other Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other Director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- 50 If no Director is willing to act as chairman, or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.
- 51 A Director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.
- 52 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the

adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

- 53 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded –

- (1) by the chairman; or
- (2) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (3) by a member or members representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (4) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right;

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

- 54 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

- 55 The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

- 56 A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

- 57 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.

- 58 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question

on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

- 59 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 60 A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 61 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.
- 62 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether a person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.
- 63 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the Isle of Man or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

Evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

- 64 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all monies presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.
- 65 No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not

disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

66 On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

67 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve) –

“BRACKRIDGE LIMITED

I/We, _____, of _____,
being a member/members of the above named Company, hereby appoint
of _____,
or failing him, _____ of _____

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on 20____, and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on _____ 20____ ”.

68 Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other which is usual or which the Directors may approve) –

“BRACKRIDGE LIMITED

I/We, _____, of _____,
member/members of the above named Company, hereby appoint
of _____,
or failing him, _____ of _____

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on 20____, and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No 1 *for *against

Resolution No 2 “for *against

*Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed this day of 20 ”

69 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors may –

- (1) be deposited at the office or at such other place within the Isle of Man as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at any time prior to the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
- (2) in the case of a poll taken more than forty-eight hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- (3) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director;

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

70 A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

71 A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the Shares in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer, as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at its registered office before the commencement of the Meeting or adjourned Meeting at which the proxy is used.

DECISIONS OF SINGLE MEMBER

72 Where the Company has only one member and he takes any decision which may be taken by the Company in general meeting and which has effect as if agreed by the

Company in general meeting, he shall (unless that decision is taken by way of a written resolution) provide the Company with a written record of that decision.

DIRECTORS

- 73 The names of the first Directors shall be determined in writing by a majority of the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association. Unless and until otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors (other than Alternate Directors) shall not be less than two and shall not be subject to any maximum.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 74 Any Director (other than an Alternate Director) may appoint any other Director, or any other person approved by resolution of the Directors and willing to act, to be an Alternate Director and may remove from office an Alternate Director so appointed by him.
- 75 An Alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a Director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for his services as an Alternate Director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an Alternative Director who is absent from the Isle of Man.
- 76 An alternate Director shall cease to be an Alternate Director if his appointor ceases to be a Director.
- 77 Any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director shall be by notice to be Company signed by the Director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the Directors.
- 78 Save as otherwise provided in the Articles, an Alternate Director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a Director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 79 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum of Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by the Articles and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

- 80 The Directors may from time to time at their discretion, raise or borrow, without the consent of the members in General Meeting, such sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company's business as they may think fit and may secure the repayment of or raise any such sums or sums as aforesaid in such manner and upon such terms and conditions and in all other respects as they may think fit, and in particular by mortgages, deeds of bonds and security, or other charges upon the whole or any part of the property and assets of the Company present or future, including its uncalled capital, or by the issue, at such price as they may think fit, of bonds or debentures or debenture stock of the Company, either charged upon the whole or any part of the property and assets of the Company, or not so charged, or in any other way that the Directors may think expedient, and the Directors may issue debentures, or debenture stock or paid-up shares to any person or persons as consideration for the purchase of any goodwill, business or property purchased by the Company.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

- 81 The Directors may from time to time, and at any time –
- (1) by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers;
 - (2) delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more Directors;
 - (3) provide through Local Boards, Attorneys or Agencies for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad, and may appoint any persons to be members of such Local Boards or as Attorneys or Agents, and may remove any persons so appointed and appoint others in their place, and may fix their remuneration;
 - (4) delegate to any such Local Board, Attorney or Agent any of the powers authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, and any such delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and may include a power to sub-delegate, and the Directors may at any time annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby;
 - (5) delegate to any Managing Director or any Director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him.

Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a Local

Board committee with two or more members shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors so far as they are capable of applying.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 82 No person shall be appointed a Director at any general meeting unless –
- (1) he is recommended by the Directors; or
 - (2) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of Directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed.
- 83 Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person who is recommended by the Directors for appointment as a Director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment as a Director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of Directors.
- 84 Subject as aforesaid, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- 85 The Directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall be deemed to have been re-elected at that meeting unless at that meeting it is expressly resolved that he should not be re-elected.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 86 The office of a Director shall be vacated if –
- (1) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a Director; or
 - (2) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (3) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either –

- (a) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1974; or
 - (b) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the Isle of Man or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs; or
- (4) he resigns his office to the Company.

- 87 The Company may by Special Resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these regulations or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

- 88 The Remuneration of each Director shall from time to time be determined by the Board.

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

- 89 The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

- 90 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of Managing Director or to any other executive office under the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any Director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the Directors determine and they may remunerate any such Director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a Director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the Director and the Company.
- 91 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he had disclosed to the Directors the nature of any material interest of his, a Director notwithstanding his office –

- (1) may be a part to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;
- (2) may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested; and
- (3) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

92 For the purposes of Article 91 –

- (1) a general notice given to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
- (2) an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

DIRECTORS' GRATITUDES AND PENSIONS

93 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any Director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the Company or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

PROCEEDING OF DIRECTORS

94 Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A Director may, and the secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director who is also an Alternative Director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a Director who is absent from the Isle of Man.

- 95 Any Director or Member of a Committee of the Directors may participate in a Meeting of the Directors or such Committee by means of conference telephone or similar telecommunications equipment whereby all persons participating can hear each other and participation in a Meeting in this manner shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at such Meeting.
- 96 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an Alternate Director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.
- 97 The continuing Directors or a sole continuing Director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors or Director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 98 The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the Board of Directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the Director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of Directors at which he is present. But if there is no Director holding that office, or if the Director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 99 All acts done by a meeting of Directors, or of a committee of Directors, or by a person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any Director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director and had been entitled to vote.
- 100 A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors; but a resolution signed by an Alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an Alternate Director, it need not be signed by the Alternate Director in that capacity.
- 101 Save as otherwise provided by the Articles, a Director shall not vote at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company unless he has declared the nature of his interest in the manner required by Section 148 of the Act.

- 102 A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.
- 103 The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the Articles prohibiting a Director from voting at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors.
- 104 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- 105 If a question arises at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors as to the right of a Director to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL

- 106 The place of management and control of the businesses of the Company shall be determined by the Directors. All meetings of Directors or any Local Boards, Attorneys, Agents or Agencies appointed under Article 81 hereof shall be held accordingly.

SECRETARY

- 107 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

MINUTES

- 108 The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose –
- (1) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors; and
 - (2) of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at such meeting.

THE SEAL

- 109 The Company may have a seal that shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors. The

Directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by a Second Director.

FACSIMILE SEALS

- 110 The Company may have official seals for use under Section 32 of the Act and Section 2 of the Stock Exchange (Completion of Bargains) (Isle of Man) Act 1979, where and as the Directors shall determine.

DIVIDENDS

- 111 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 112 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the Directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The Directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.
- 113 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- 114 A general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the Directors, direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees.
- 115 Any dividend or other monies payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or, if two or more

persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the Company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other monies payable in respect of the share.

- 116 No dividend or other monies payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
- 117 Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company.

ACCOUNTS

- 118 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by ordinary resolution of the Company.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

- 119 The Directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company –
- (1) subject as hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the Company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve;
 - (2) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or on paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount, equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other: but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this regulation, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid;
 - (3) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions; and

- (4) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

CAPITAL RESERVE

- 120 The Directors may establish a Capital Reserve and may either carry to the credit of such reserve from time to time all moneys realised on the sale of any Capital assets of the Company in excess of the price at which the same stand in the books of the Company at any time, or apply the same in providing for depreciation or contingencies or other Capital purposes. The Capital Reserve shall be at the disposal of the Directors to use for such purposes as they may think fit.

NOTICES

- 121 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the Articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the Directors need not be in writing.
- 122 The Company may give any notice to a member personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at his registered address or by electronic means. Notice may only be given by electronic means to a member if that member shall have previously given his consent in writing to the Company to receiving notice by electronic means and the electronic means used by the Company enables the member to whom the notice is communicated to read the text of the notice.
- 123 A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.
- 124 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.
- 125 A notice given to a member personally or left at his registered address or communicated by electronic means shall be deemed to have been given on the day on which it was personally given or left or communicated by electronic means as the case may be. Where notice is given by sending it by post, proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given and notice given by this method shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the envelope containing it was posted.

- 126 A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within the British Islands supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

WINDING UP

- 127 If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members of different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

- 128 Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Director may otherwise be entitled, every Director or other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

AUDIT EXEMPTION

- 129 For so long as the company is a Private Company and fulfils the requirements of the Companies (Exempt and Non-Resident Private Companies) (Audit Exemption) Regulations 1993 or the Companies (Exempt and Non-resident Private companies) (Audit Exemption) (Amendment) Regulations 1994 the company shall be exempt from the requirements of the Companies Acts 1931 to 1993 which relate to the audit of the accounts of companies to the extent permitted by those Regulations and as they may be amended from time to time.

Name and address of subscribers

1 JOHN JEREMY CALLIN
 Ballacallin
 Little Mill Road
 Onchan
 Isle of Man IM4 5BE

Dated this 27th day of September 2002

Witness to the above signatures:-

TRUDI ROSALYN PANTER
10 Woodbourne Road
Douglas
Isle of Man IM1 3HH